

Treatment of Acidic Coal Mine Drainage with Vertical Flow Ponds and Drainable Limestone Beds

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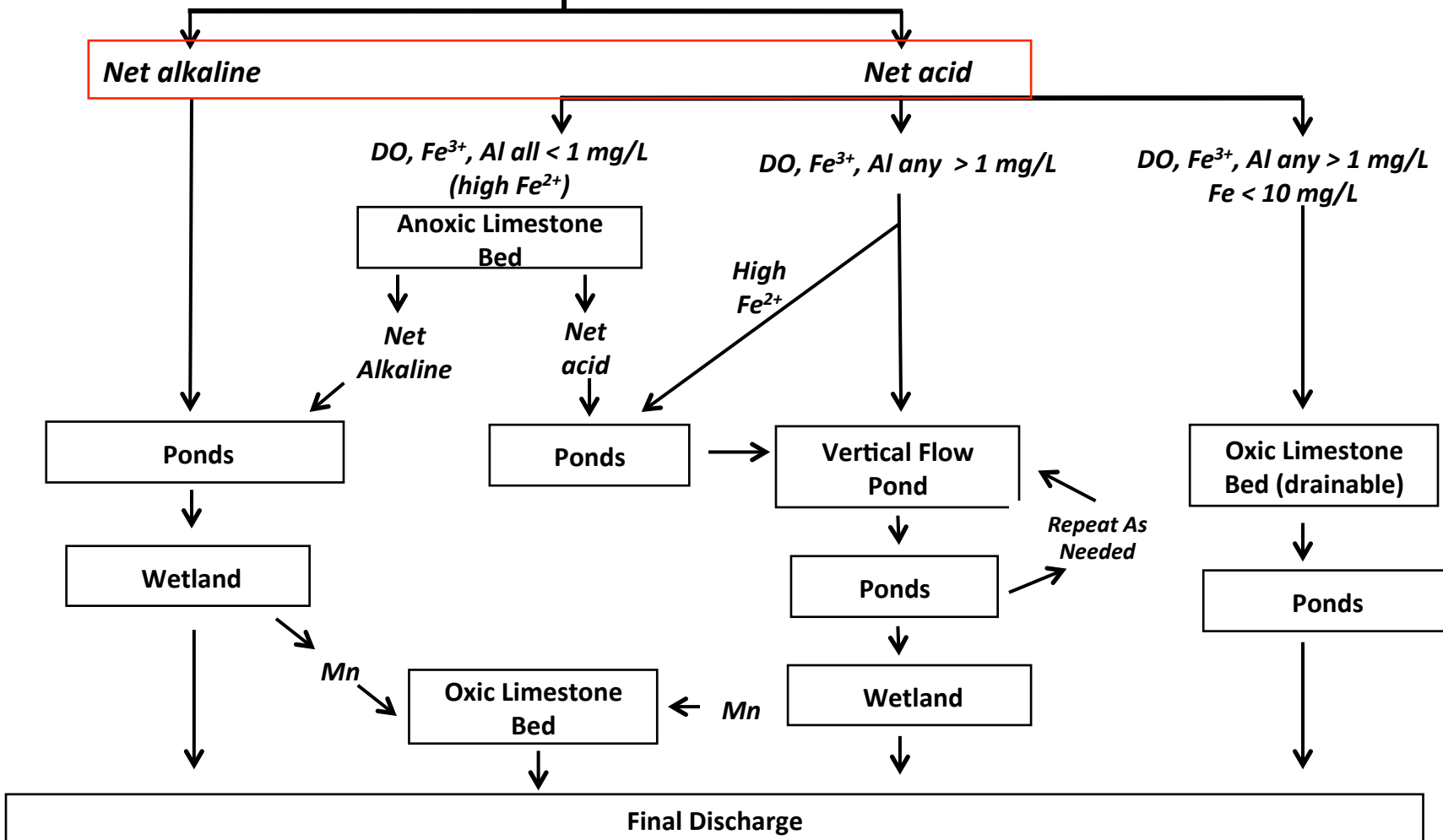
Common Passive Treatment Technologies Used in the Eastern US Coal Fields

- Ponds
 - oxidize Fe, settle solids, mixing
- Constructed Wetlands
 - polishing ,Mn and solids removal
- Anoxic limestone beds
 - alkalinity generation
- Oxic limestone beds
 - alkalinity generation, metal removal, polishing
- Vertical flow ponds
 - alkalinity generation and metal removal

Technology is based on chemistry,

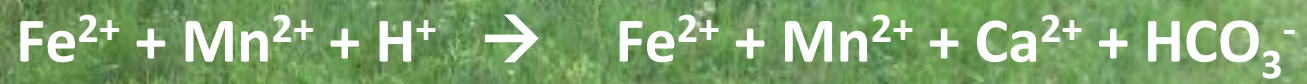
Sizing is based on loadings

Characterize Mine Water

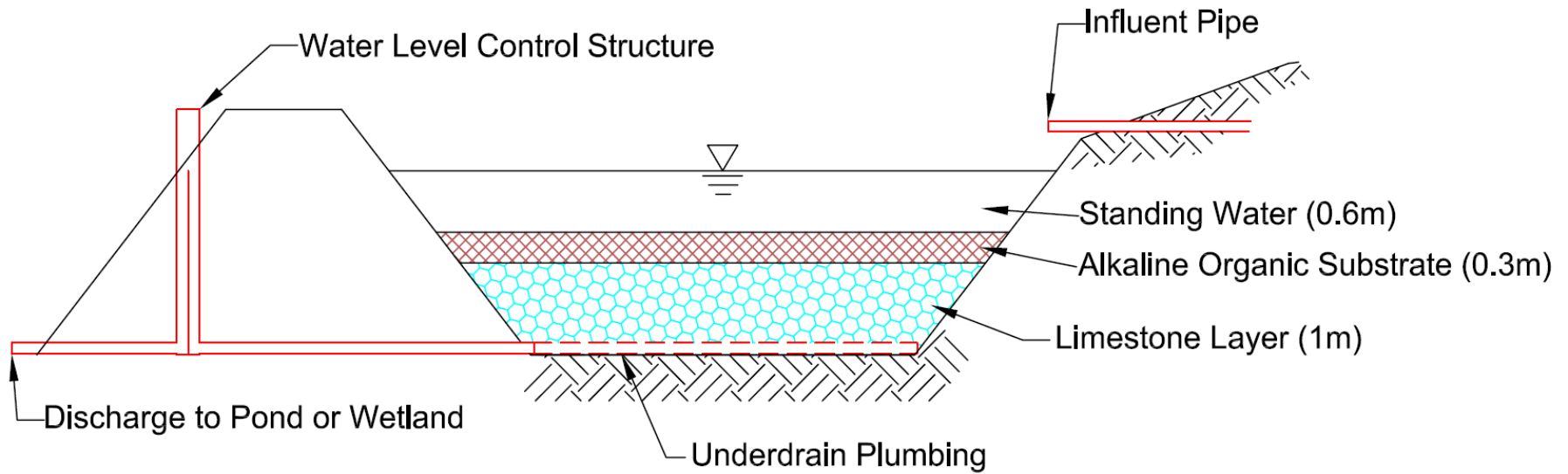


Passive Treatment of Net Acid Coal Mine Drainage

- Neutralize acidity and generate alkalinity
 1. Calcite dissolution
 2. Bacterial processes in organic substrate
- Remove metal contaminants
 1. Al, Fe, Mn, others
 2. Primary removal as oxide and hydroxide solids
 3. Secondary removal as sulfides and carbonates



Vertical Flow Pond (VFP, SAPS, RAPS, APS)

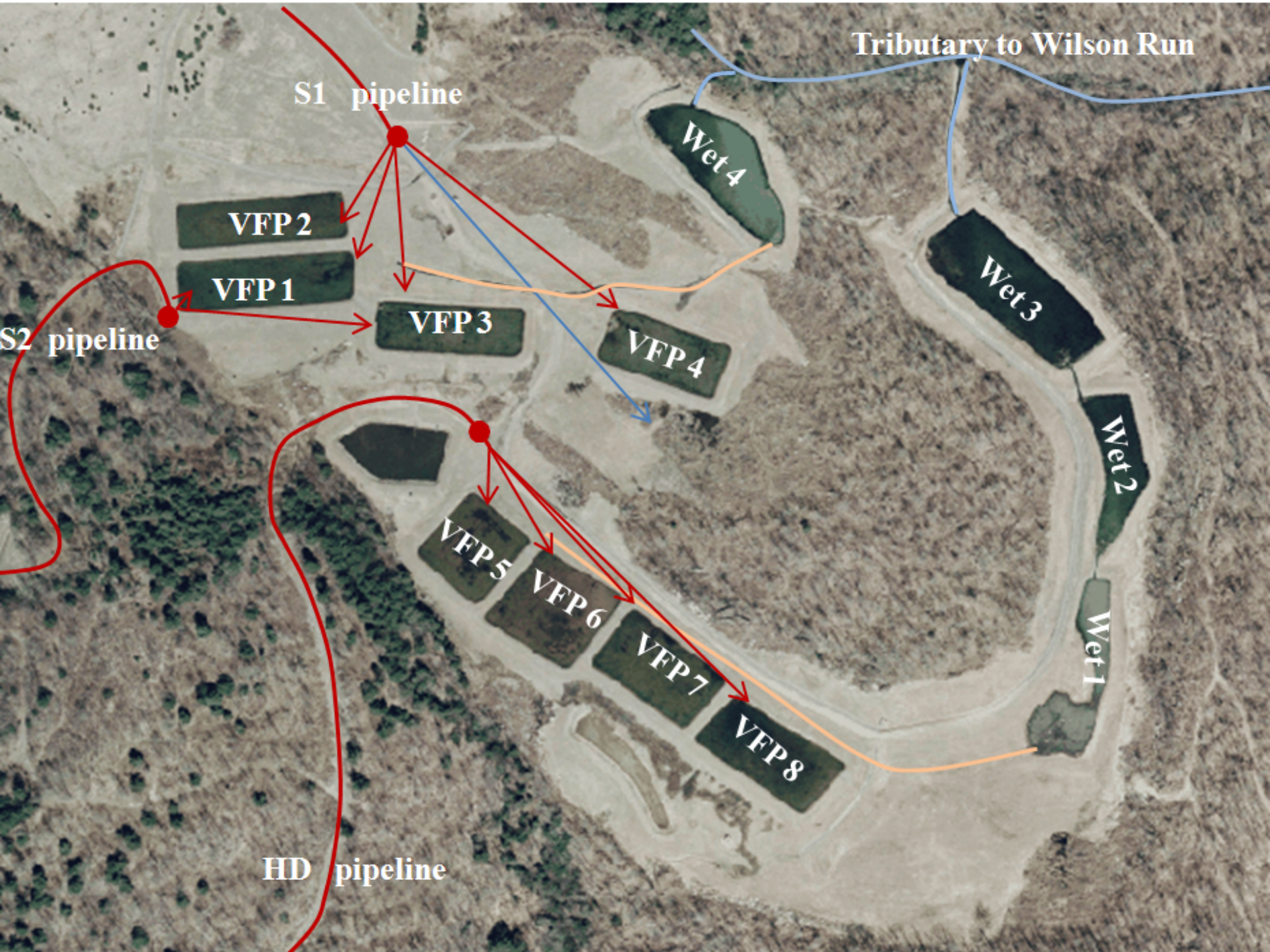



Delta Maust Passive System (Somerset County, PA)

- Bond forfeiture project
- Design: pond, VFP#1, wetland, VFP#2, wetland
- VFP#1 construction
 - 24 inch depth of spent mushroom compost mixed 2:1 with limestone fines
 - 18 inches AASHTO#3 limestone aggregate
 - PVC pipe underdrain
 - 25,000 ft² (2,325 m²)
- Installed in 1997

Anna S Mine Passive Treatment Complex (Tioga County, PA)

- Abandoned Mine Land project
- Two independent systems



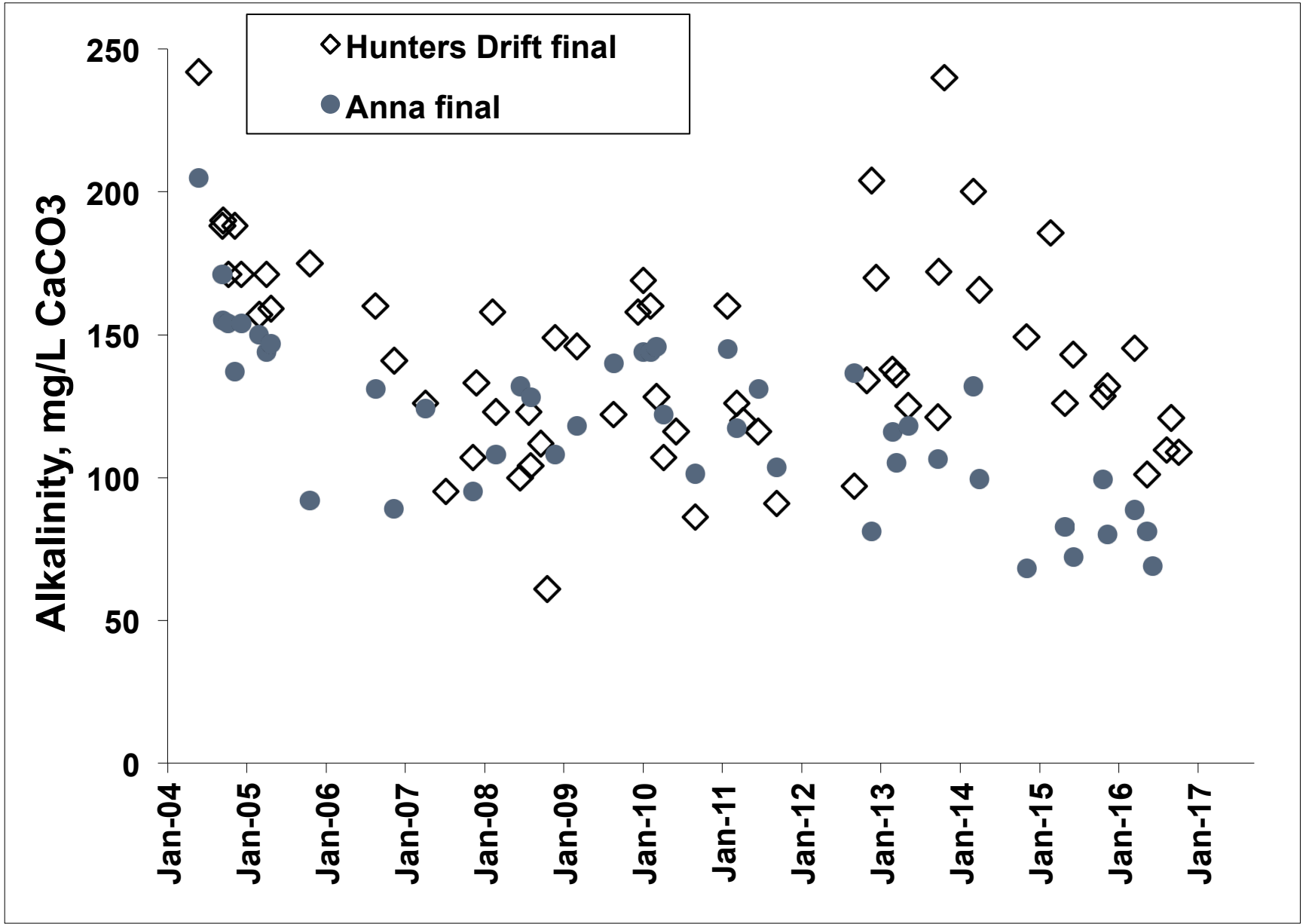


2 ft standing water
1 ft compost amended with limestone
3 ft limestone aggregate
PVC pipe underdrain

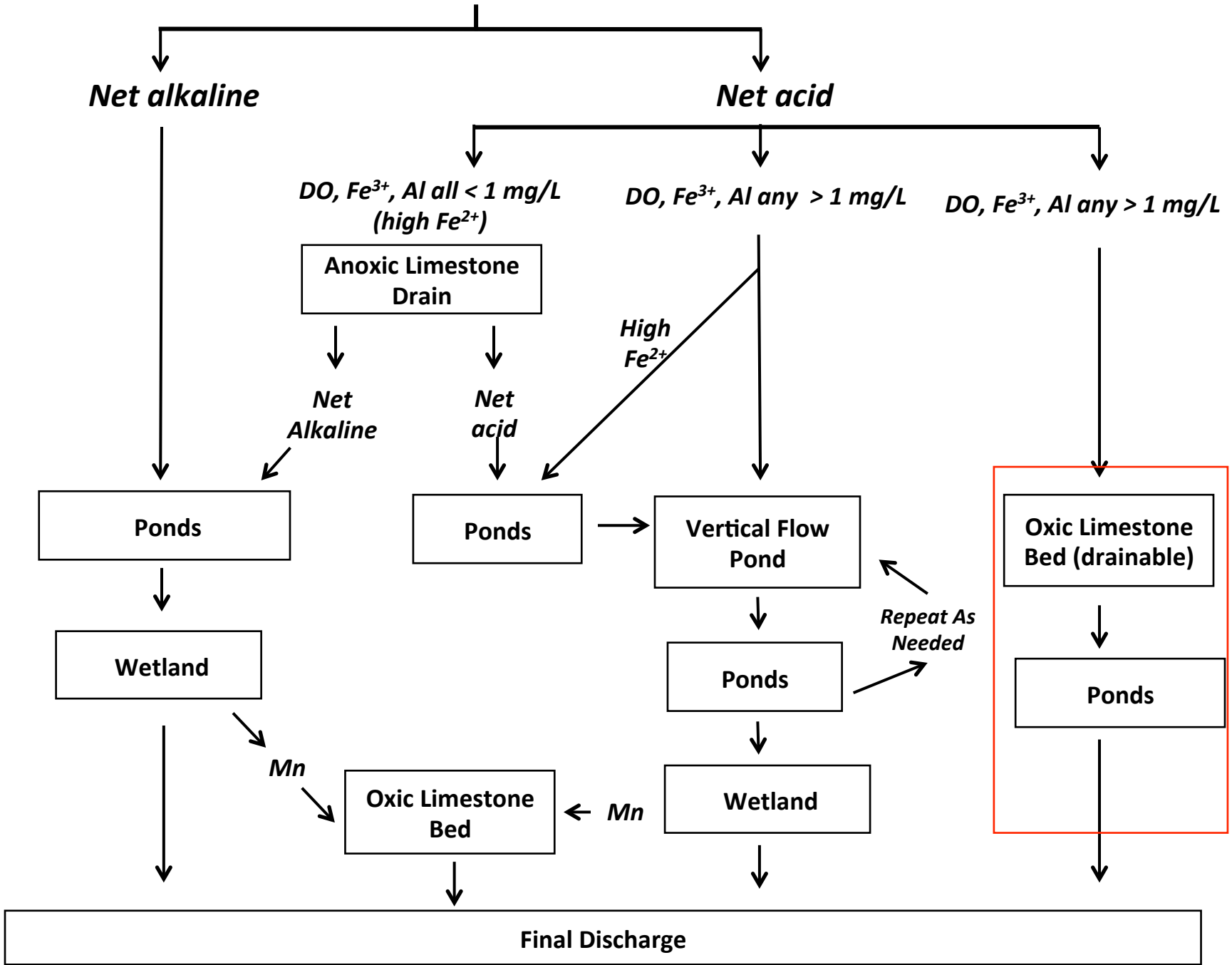


Anna S passive systems, 2004 - 2016

| Point (n) | Flow | pH | Alk | Acid | Fe | Al | Mn | SO ₄ |
|------------------------------------|------|------|------------------------|------|------|------|------|-----------------|
| | gpm | s.u. | mg/L CaCO ₃ | | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L |
| <i>Hunters Drift System</i> | | | | | | | | |
| HD in (47) | 225 | 2.8 | 0 | 347 | 35.4 | 32.7 | 6.4 | 551 |
| VFPs out (25) | | 6.9 | 185 | -129 | 19.8 | 0.6 | 6.6 | 552 |
| HD final (61) | na | 7.5 | 142 | -112 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 2.0 | 493 |
| <i>Anna System</i> | | | | | | | | |
| S1 in (34) | 204 | 3.1 | 0 | 138 | 6.9 | 12.3 | 7.8 | 342 |
| S2 in (29) | 27 | 3.8 | 0 | 32 | 1.7 | 5.7 | 1.8 | 130 |
| Final (45) | na | 7.5 | 119 | -99 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 3.2 | 302 |



Characterize Mine Water



Treatment of AMD Containing Al and Fe³⁺ with Oxic Limestone Beds

Research project funded by Pennsylvania
Department of Environmental Protection

Two types of solids: attached scale and suspended in interstitial water

Scale on aggregate



Suspended solids in pore water



Key Findings of Flushing Study

- Two types of solids: attached scale and suspended in interstitial water
- Draining bed empty once/week removes suspended solids and maintains permeability

Agri Drain Smart Drainage System (solar powered computer controlled gate valve)



Pittsburgh Botanic Garden DLB during draining



Key Findings of Flushing Study

- Two types of solids: attached scale and suspended in interstitial water
- Draining bed empty once/week removes suspended solids and maintains permeability
- Al and Fe scale can be easily cleaned; treatment restored



Key Findings of Flushing Study

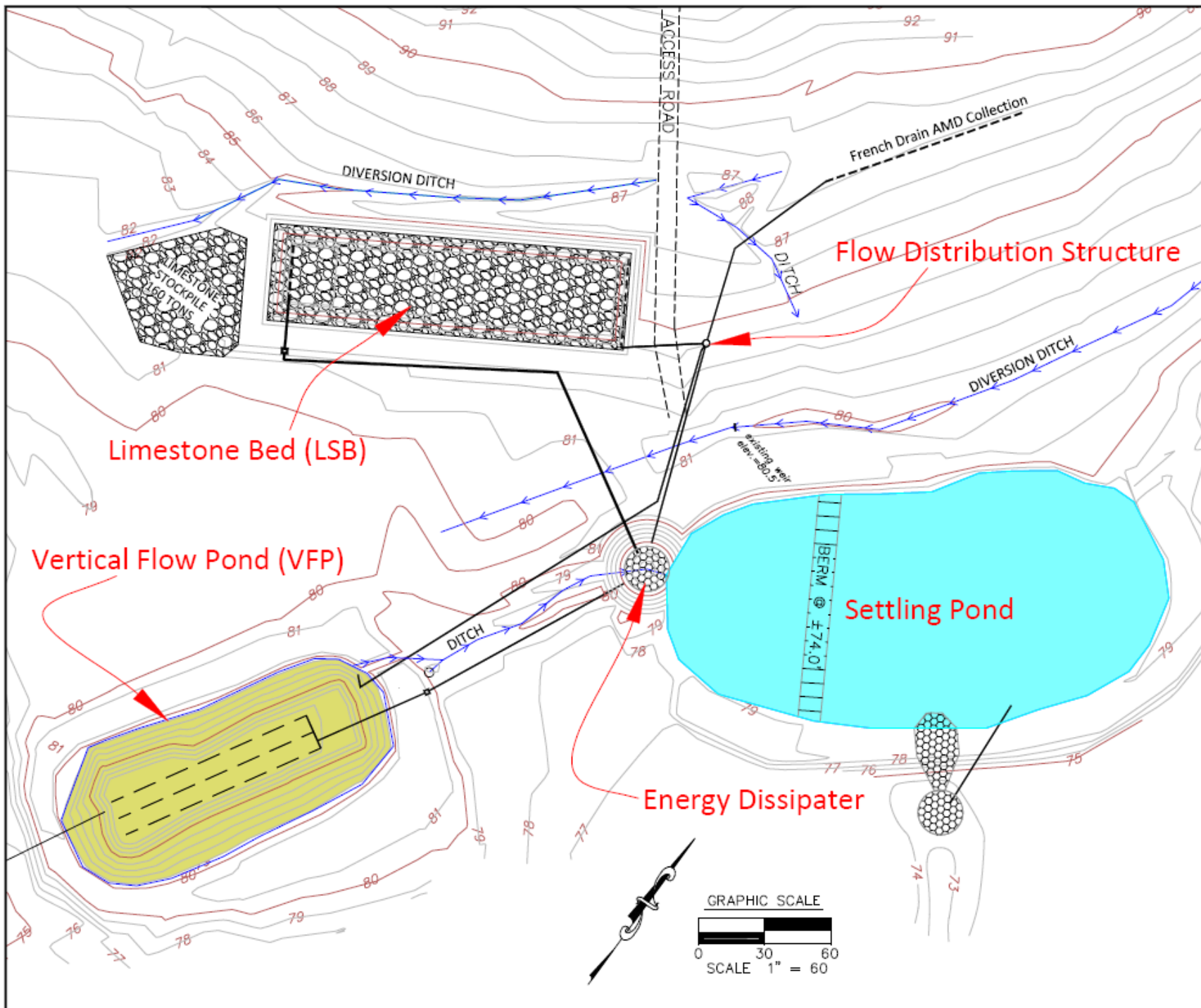
- Two types of solids: attached scale and suspended in interstitial water
- Draining bed empty once/week removes suspended solids and maintains permeability
- Al and Fe scale can be easily cleaned; treatment restored
- Prolonged retention time improves alkalinity generation
- Mn removal feasible
- Sustainable treatment is possible

Mitchell West Box, 2008 – 2016
 (regular draining; no cleaning)

| Point (n) | Flow | pH | Alk | Acid | Fe | Al | Mn | SO₄ |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| | gpm | s.u. | mg/L CaCO₃ | | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L |
| Influent (36) | na | 3.0 | 0 | 209 | 7.2 | 22.1 | 12.5 | 545 |
| Effluent (39) | 1.1 | 6.8 | 62 | -55 | 0.5 | 3.7 (0.4) | 3.1 | 510 |

Tangascootac #1 Passive system (Clinton County, PA)

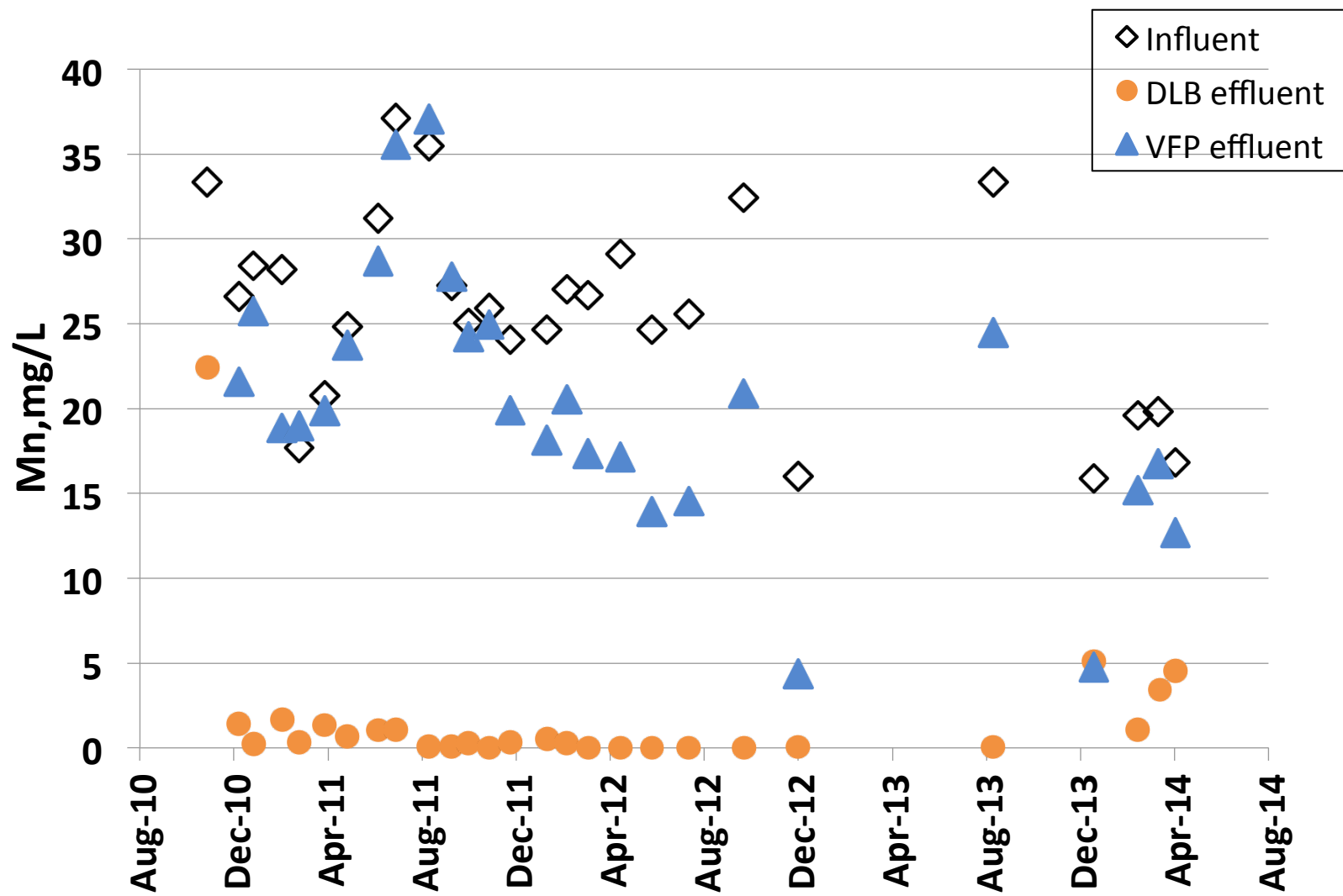
- Abandoned Mine Land project
- Side-by-side treatment with VFP and DLB
- Flow control and distribution
- Vertical Flow Pond
 - 735 tons LS aggregate and 223 CY organic substrate
- Drainable Limestone Bed
 - 1,000 tons LS aggregate
 - AgriDrain SDS





Scootac system, Dec 2010 – Apr 2014

| | Flow | pH | Alk | Acid | Al | Mn | Fe | SO₄ |
|---------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|
| | <i>gpm</i> | | <i>mg/L CaCO₃</i> | | <i>mg/L</i> | | | |
| Raw | 86 | 4.0 | 0 | 89 | 11.1 | 25.9 | 0.2 | 927 |
| Vertical Flow Pond | 40 | 7.0 | 157 | -127 | 0.1 | 20.3 | 0.6 | 927 |
| Drainable LS Bed | 45 | 7.3 | 192 | -169 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 0.1 | 968 |
| Polishing Pond | na | 7.1 | 160 | -133 | 0.3 | 8.8 | 0.5 | 917 |



VFP vs DLB

| | Vertical Flow Pond | Drainable Limestone Bed |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Footprint | | Smaller |
| Cost, capital | | Lower |
| Cost, O&M | Lower | |
| Major maintenance interval | 7-15 years | 3-7 years |
| DOC/BOD production | Yes | No |
| Al removal | Yes | Yes |
| Fe Removal | Partial | Yes (oxic) |
| Mn removal | No | Yes |
| Metals other than Fe, Al, Mn | Oxides and sulfides | Oxides and sorption |

Questions?

