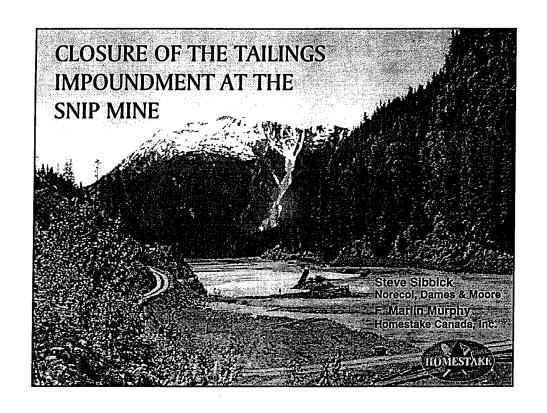
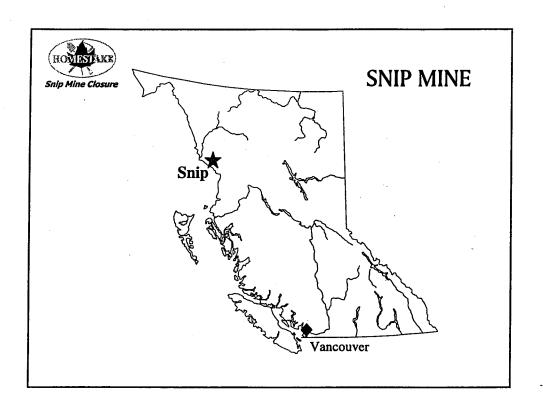
B.5. Closure of the Tailings Impoundment at the Snip Mine

by Steve Sibbick Norecol, Dames & Moore

and F. Marlin Murphy Homestake Canada, Inc. 4-32







SNIP MINE

- Operated since 1991
- No road access (hovercraft/air)
- Cominco 1991-1996
- Prime Resources/Homestake 1996-present
- Mine Shutdown: May 1999

Closure: May 1999 to present



SNIP MINE

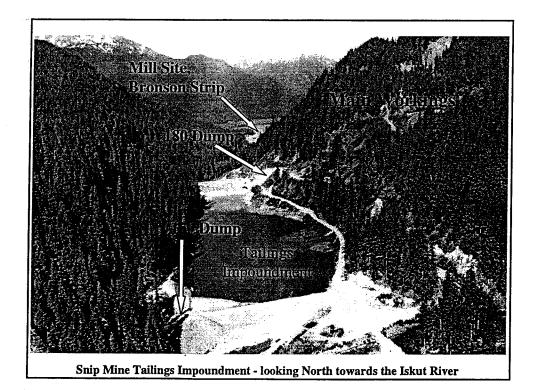
Geology

- Intrusion related gold-bearing quartz-carbonate veins
- Hosted in feldspathic greywackes, siltstones and mafic tuffs
- Sheared veins with alternating pyrite/calcite stringers
- Primary sulphide: pyrite (pyrrhotite, chalcopyrite, arsenopyrite, galena)
- Primary carbonate: calcite (ankerite, siderite)



SNIP MINE Mining

- Underground mine (~1.3 M tonnes mined)
- Gold/concentrate shipped by hovercraft/air (~1 Moz Au)
- Coarse tailings backfilled to mine
- Fine tailings discharged to tailings impoundment
- Tailings impoundment located at the head of Monsoon and Sky Creeks





ARD/ML MONITORING PROGRAM

- Weekly composites of tailings collected between January 1992 and May 1998 (337 samples)
- Tailings beach samples collected annually (42 samples)
- Samples analysed for ABA parameters and ICP metals
- Monthly composites of tailings collected between January 1993 and March 1998 (63 samples)
- Monthly composites analysed for ICP metals only
- Petrographic examination of a tailings composite



ARD/ML MONITORING PROGRAM

Form of Neutralization Potential

Estimated using:

modified Sobek NP total inorganic carbon (TIC) weak-acid leachable Ca, Mg, Fe, Al aqua regia ICP Ca+Mg petrographic examination

Calcite (CaCO₃) is the primary neutralizing mineral (magnesium carbonate, <u>biotite</u>*, chlorite and feldspars)

* identified using Reitveld-XRD



ARD/ML MONITORING PROGRAM

Tailings ABA Characteristics

Sulphide S = Total S

Total S 4.3%

(2.8% to 5.8%)

MPA

133 kg CaCO₃/t

(89 to 182 kg CaCO₃/t)

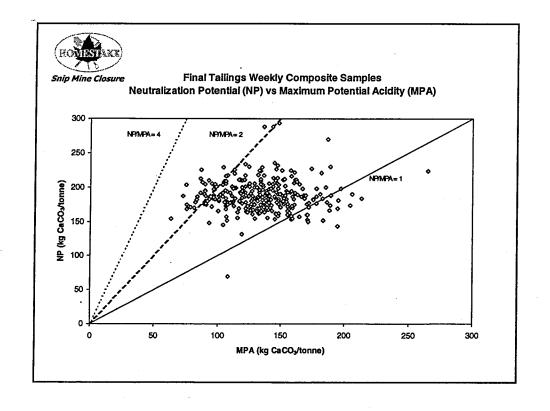
NP

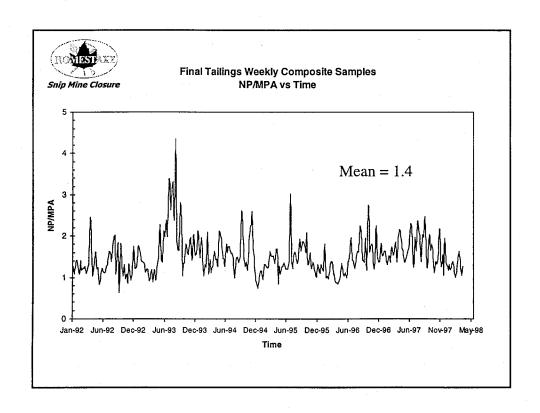
186 kg CaCO₃/t

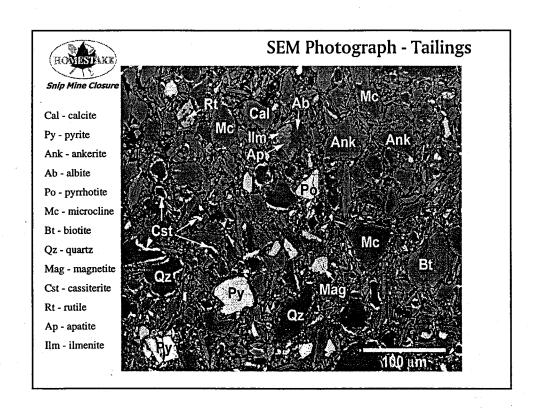
(157 to 231 kg CaCO₃/t) ·

NP/AP 1.4

(1.0 to 2.3)



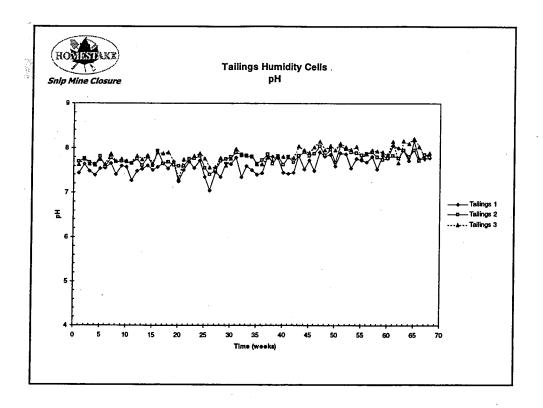


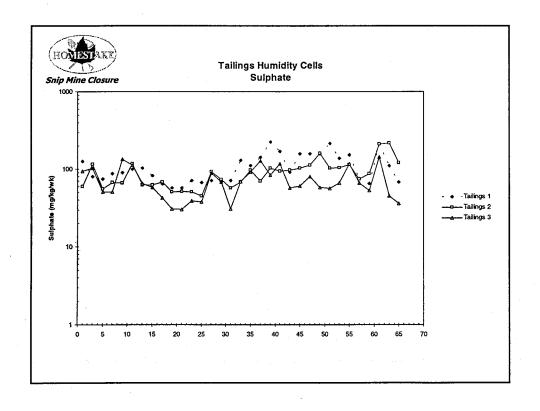


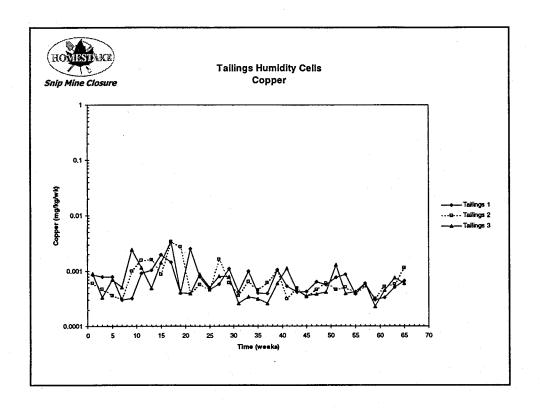


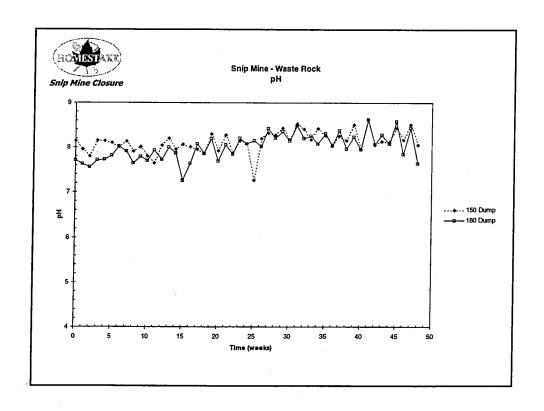
KINETIC TESTING PROGRAM

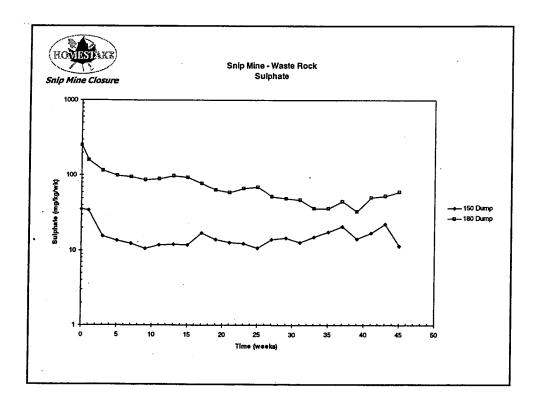
- Humidity cells (1991)
 1 tailings and 3 ore samples
 10 weeks No ARD generation
- Column tests (1994)
 Tailings and waste rock
 42 weeks No ARD generation
- Humidity cell testwork (1998 to present)
 3 tailings cells
 2 waste rock cells (150 and 180 dumps)
 2 accelerated tailings cells (50% NP depletion)
- SEM-XRD analysis of 3 tailings cell samples

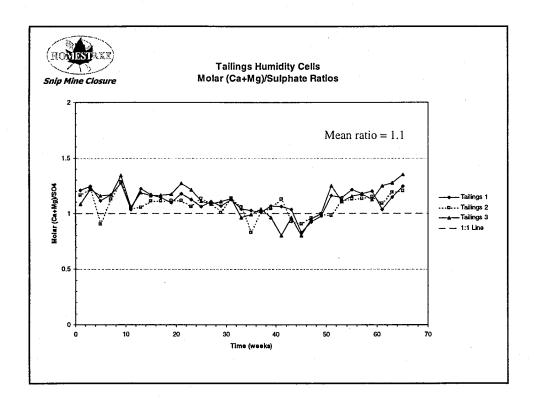














RESULTS AND INTERPRETATION

- Tailings are non-acid generating
- Waste rock (150+180 dumps) are non-acid generating, likely acid consuming
- Low metals leaching rates from all materials
- NP exhaustion estimated at 13 to 35 years in tailings
- Tailings sulphide 'burnout' near or before NP exhaustion
- 130 and 440 waste rock dumps potentially acid generating



SITE CONSIDERATIONS FOR CLOSURE

- Isolated Location
 Infrequent monitoring
 Difficult/expensive to access after Closure
- ARD Potential of Materials (tailings, waste rock)
- Physiography (Precipitation, seismic activity, etc.)
- Regulatory requirements
- · Company requirements



TAILINGS CLOSURE

Options

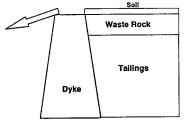
- Flooded Impoundment
 Minimum risk of ARD
 Increases risk of dyke failure
 Beavers
- Engineered Dry Cover
 Insufficient construction materials
 (> surface disturbance than mine)
- Thin Soil Cover / Partial Water Cover
 'As is' solution minimum reclamation
 Minimum contingencies
- Saturated Cover



TAILINGS CLOSURE

Saturated Cover

- Maintain water-saturated anoxic conditions with tailings
- Minimize water ponding on surface
- Water table maintained within waste rock cap above tailings
- Organic soil cover provides growth medium



· Final closure as meadow/wetland



TAILINGS CLOSURE

Saturated Cover

- Regrading of tailings to 0.15% slope towards Sky Creek
- 130 and 440 waste rock placed deep in tailings
- Cover with 50 cm of NAG waste rock 150 and 180 waste dumps
- Cover with 15 cm of soil till + organic material



TAILINGS CLOSURE

Saturated Cover

- Construction of Spillway to Sky Creek french drain to retard beaver dam construction spillway designed for dam construction if flooding required
- Impoundment cover allowed to revegetate naturally
- Ongoing monitoring (field and lab)

