# Performance of an Engineered **Cover System After Six Years** at the Areva Resources Cluff Lake Mine Waste Rock Pile in Northern Saskatchewan

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#### **Discussion Points**



INAP

- Background
- Cover System Design
- Cover System Construction
- Monitoring Program Results
- Concluding Remarks
- New Cover System Guidance Document

#### Background



- *Cluff Lake uranium mine, AREVA Resources Canada*
- Athabasca basin, 75 km S of Lake Athabasca, 15 km E of AB border

Operation 1980-2002, decommissioned 2004-2006

#### Semi-arid climate

- Mean annual precip. of 450 mm (30% as snow)
- Potential evaporation of 600 mm

## Mine History



- Operated 1980 2002
- Produced 6.25M lbs. of yellowcake (U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>)

- Production planned to cease December 2000 due to depletion of economically viable reserves, and max tailings volume reached.
- Higher grade of production allowed operation to December 2002.

http://www.ceaa-acee.gc.ca/41B79974-docs/report e.pdf

### Decommissioning



- Commenced in in 2004 and now completed
- Claude pit backfilled, mill and other outbuildings dismantled
- Tailings area covered
- Waste rock piles re-sloped and covered







#### Decommissioning cont'd



- Site specific water quality objectives developed for iron, uranium, molybdenum and cobalt, as SK did not have guidelines for these CoCs.
- No adverse impact on surface water.

#### Decommissioning cont'd



• A mixture of six native woody species were planted, selected from local seed availability.

• 800,000 trees and shrubs planted since 2004

http://www.ceaa-acee.gc.ca/41B79974-docs/report\_e.pdf

#### Claude Waste Rock Pile



- Claude waste rock pile constructed 1982-1989 using end dumping
  - Claude pile 7.23 million tonnes of waste from the Claude pit
- High levels of uranium (200 mg/L and nickel (43 mg/L) in piezometers at pile toe





#### Cover System Design Approach

NTERBETTER COARGE AND FINE STRUCTURE ONTROLLING POWNWARD SEEPAGE AND GAS TRANSFER

Soil-Plant-Atmosphere

WATER.

RAINAG

**Cover System Design Modelling** 

- Arise after Setting Closure
  Objectives through Consultation
- Link Impacts to the Receiving Environment to Determine Required Performance
   Develop a Rationale Basis for
  - Cover System Design Criteria

#### Cover System Design Approach **Cover System Field Trials**







Soil-Plant-**Atmosphere Cover Design** Modelling

Full-Scale Cover Design

#### Cover System Design



#### Cover System Field Trials

- Constructed and instrumented in 2001, plateau and slope areas
- 20 cm compacted waste rock overlain by 100 cm sandy till



#### Cover System Field Trials



#### Cover System Construction

- Slopes re-contoured to 4H:1V
- Waste rock top 20 cm compacted to minimum 95% dry density
- Waste rock k<sub>sat</sub> = 10<sup>-5</sup> to 10<sup>-6</sup> cm/s



#### Cover System Construction



Surface drainage channels for 24 hour, 100-year design storm event

 Applied seed and fertilizer mixture using a drill seeder



#### Cover System Instrumentation

- Meteorological monitoring:
  - Precipitation
  - Net radiation
  - Wind speed and direction
  - Air temperature and RH
  - Runoff





#### Cover System Instrumentation

- *In situ cover* monitoring:
  - Temperature
  - Matric suction
  - Volumetric water content





#### Cover System Instrumentation



LT22 This is okay. Look for a higher resolution version, and put your own arrows and symbols showing what is what. Lindsay Tallon, 8/29/2013

#### Meteorological Data



#### Thermal Cycling in Cover



#### Moisture Cycling in Cover



#### Moisture Availability (2008)



#### Moisture Availability (2009)



#### Moisture Availability (2010)



#### Moisture Availability (2011)



#### Cover System Evolution









#### Waste Rock Pile Water Balance

	PPT (mm)	Water Balance Fluxes (mm and % of precipitation)				
Plateau		AET	ΔS	R	NP	
2007	450	231 (51%)	34 (8%)	6 (1%)	179 (40%)	
2008	272	297 (109%)	-96 (-35%)	6 (2%)	66 (24%)	
2009	387	290 (75%)	31 (8%)	5 (1%)	61 (16%)	
2010	358	303 (85%)	12 (3%)	2 (1%)	40 (11%)	
2011	271	182 (67%)	9 (3%)	2 (1%)	58 (21%)	
2012	430	317 (74%)	33 (8%)	5 (1%)	105 (24%)	

	PPT (mm)	Water Balance Fluxes (mm and % of precipitation)					
Slope	111 (mm)	AET	ΔS	R	LD	NP	
2007	419	239 (57%)	17 (4%)	58 (14%)	0 (0%)	104 (25%)	
2008	261	308 (118%)	-85 (-33%)	50 (19%)	-57 (-22%)	45 (17%)	
2009	396	314 (79%)	15 (4%)	41 (10%)	0 (0%)	26 (7%)	
2010	371	320 (86%)	4 (1%)	22 (6%)	-21 (-6%)	46 (12%)	
2011	295	231 (78%)	3 (1%)	19 (6%)	25 (9%)	44 (15%)	
2012	422*	310 (73%)*	51 (12%)*	24 (6%)*	0 (0%)	92 (22%)*	

#### Waste Rock Pile Water Balance

#### Landform as a Whole

Year	PPT(mm)	NP
2007	433	138 (32%)
2008	266	55 (20%)
2009	392	42 (11%)
2010	365	43 (12%)
2011	284	50 (18%)
2012	426	98 (23%)

### Cover System: Building Blocks



Time

#### Waste Rock Pile Water Balance



## **Summary**

- Net percolation has generally decreased
  - Increase vegetation cover
  - Increase evapotranspiration

- Timing of precipitation important:
  - Storm events in fall 2012 greater net percolation due to decreased evapotranspiration capacity
  - Cover did not freeze in 2012
    - Net percolation continued during winter



**LT32** I don't like reading when I'm watching a presentation. Is there some sort of picture you can put up. Lindsay Tallon, 8/29/2013

#### Key Points

- Claude cover system is a stable landform and design objectives are being met
- Importance of long-term perspective when evaluating cover system performance
  - Natural climatic variability
  - Trajectory of vegetation cover



#### Cover System Guidance Document



Cold Regions Cover System Design Technical Guidance Document

#### MEND Report 1.61.5c



Affaires autochtones et

Aboriginal Affairs and Développement du Nord Canada Northern Development Canada



- Build off of Cold Regions Cover System Design Guidance Document
- Expand to 'Other' Climate Regions
- Advance Approach / Methodology for Cover System Design

- International Network for Acid Prevention
  - Consortium of ten companies



 Cover System Guidance Document
 What attributes of the region can be exploited, enhanced, or combined to achieve performance criteria



#### Cover System Guidance Document

World map of Köppen-Geiger climate classification





Contact : Murray C. Peel (mpeel@unimelb.edu.au) for further information

DATA SOURCE : GHCN v2.0 station data Temperature (N = 4,844) and Precipitation (N = 12,396)

PERIOD OF RECORD : All available

MIN LENGTH : ≥30 for each month.

**RESOLUTION : 0.1 degree lat/long** 

#### Significant Temperate Regions







#### Significant Temperate Regions



**BWh** 

**BWk** 

BSh

**BSk** 



#### Climate Regions for Guidance Document





#### Context of Focus for Guidance



## **Oil Sands Example** $\Delta S = P - ET + (R_{in} - R_{out}) + (GW_{in} - GW_{out})$ **Deficit /Seasonal Ice.**



Devito, K., Mendoza, C., Qualizza, C. (2012).

